



## DOCUMENTATION OF WILD MEDICINAL PLANT RESOURCES IN WEST RAJABHATKHAWA RANGE OF BUXA TIGER RESERVE, WEST BENGAL, INDIA

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Medicinal plants are a rich source of biologically active compounds with therapeutic properties, historically utilized by various cultures to treat numerous ailments. Phytosociological surveys are crucial for identifying natural medicinal plant communities, documenting biodiversity, and understanding ecological changes over time. This study aimed to document the wild medicinal plant diversity in the West Rajabhatkhawa Range of Buxa Tiger Reserve, West Bengal, India, from 2019 to 2022. Covering an area of 6790.82 hectares, with 5631 hectares of forested land, a simple random quadrat sampling method was employed with a 0.1% sampling intensity, resulting in 140 randomly placed quadrats. The survey recorded 84 species from 42 families of wild medicinal plants, comprising 45% trees, 17% shrubs and 38% herbs. Asteraceae was the most represented family, accounting for 9% of the species, followed by Malvaceae (8%), Fabaceae (7%) and Apocynaceae (6%). The study emphasizes the need to improve the regeneration status of these medicinal plants and the extraction of their active ingredients for therapeutic use, highlighting the rich medicinal plant biodiversity in the region and its potential for future pharmacological research.

**Keywords :** Medicinal, Rajabhatkhawa Range, Biodiversity

## ABSTRACT

### Introduction

The use of plants for therapeutic purposes is deeply rooted in traditional knowledge systems and continues to be widely practiced, especially in developing countries where access to modern healthcare is limited (Payyappallimana 2010; Umair *et al.* 2017). In India, which possesses one of the world's richest repositories of plant biodiversity, traditional medicine systems like Ayurveda have utilized medicinal plants for millennia (Rahaman and Karmakar 2015). However, modernization threatens the preservation of this traditional wisdom, highlighting the need for scientific documentation of ethnomedicinal knowledge (Karmakar and Rahaman 2022). About 70% of the Indian population inhabits rural areas, and many of them reside in the vicinity of

forests, using various plant parts as food, medicines, and for other purposes in their daily livelihoods. Indian people have been using medicinal plants since prehistoric times (Singh 2010). Indigenous healing practices have been culturally accepted during all phases of human culture and environmental evolution. Traditional medicine is widely used and accounts for about 40% of all healthcare delivered (WHO 2002). About 85% of traditional medicines are plant-derived (Fransworth 1988). According to the database developed by the Foundation for Revitalisation of Local Health Traditions (FRLHT), the checklist of medicinal plants of West Bengal consists of a total of 2800 taxa. Out of 2800 medicinal plant species recorded in West Bengal, a large portion of species, around 80-85%, are sourced from the wild, of which around 46% are herbs, followed by trees (23%), shrubs

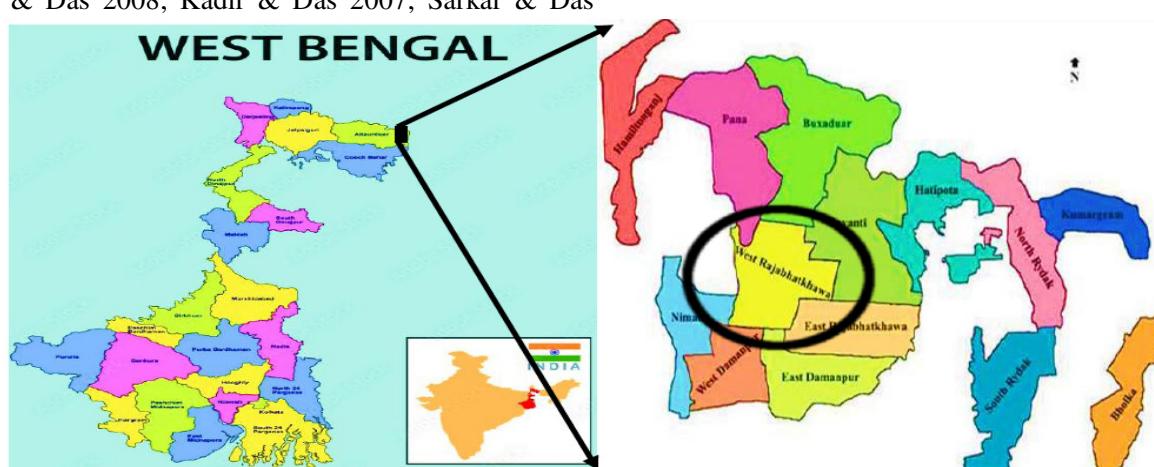
(21%), and climbers (10%) (Kiran & Sahoo 2008; Jyoti & Shekhar 2009).

The Buxa Tiger Reserve (BTR) in West Bengal, India, represents a significant region for studying the medicinal plants used by local tribal communities. The reserve, encompassing an area of 760.87 sq. km, is a repository of rich biodiversity and serves as a crucial habitat for various flora and fauna (Sarkar & Das 2015). It is geographically situated between the latitudes of 26° 30' and 26° 55' N and the longitudes of 89° 20' and 89° 55' E, sharing its northern boundary with Bhutan and its eastern boundary with Assam (Bhattacharya *et al.* 2016; Acharya 2024). In West Bengal, forests cover an area of 11,879 sq. km, which is 13.38% of the state's geographical area (India State of Forest Report 2019). During the present study, detailed phytosociological surveys were conducted across various compartments within the Rajabhatkhawa Range of Buxa Tiger Reserve. Species with known medicinal properties were identified and their potential medicinal values were documented based on existing ethnobotanical literature and scientific studies (Jain 1967, 1981, 1986, 1987, 1989; Jain & Mudgal; Saklani & Sikarwar 2021). Each identified plant species was cross-referred with traditional uses reported by local healers and documented in various ethnobotanical studies. This approach ensured the accuracy of the recorded information and highlighted lesser-known medicinal plants that could be of significant therapeutic value (Yonzone *et al.*, 2012). The comprehensive documentation of these plants serves as a crucial resource for preserving traditional knowledge and provides a valuable foundation for future pharmacological research and the development of new therapeutic agents derived from these traditional medicines. The BTR is home to numerous rare and threatened species of plants (Das 1996; Kadir 2001; Rai & Das 2008; Kadir & Das 2007; Sarkar & Das

2015, 2017). North Bengal possesses a rich resource of biodiversity due to its favourable climatic conditions. However, in the context of medicinal plants, many parts of North Bengal have remained underexplored. A few attempts have been made to study and document the medicinal plant species in this region, but much remains to be discovered and understood (Biswas & Chopra 1940, 1956; Yonzone *et al.*, 1984; Ghosh *et al.*, 2020).

## Materials and Methods

The study was conducted in the West Rajabhatkhawa Range of Buxa Tiger Reserve, West Bengal, India, during the years 2019-2022. Buxa Tiger Reserve was established in 1983 as the country's 15th Tiger Reserve and is located in the Alipurduar district of West Bengal. The Reserve is situated between latitudes 26°30' and 26°55'N and longitudes 89°20' and 89°55'E, spreading 50 kilometres from west to east and 35 kilometres from north to south. The region's average daily temperature ranges from 12°C to 32°C, with an annual precipitation total of 4100 mm, influenced by the South-West monsoon. The West Rajabhatkhawa Range (Figure 1) covers an area of 6790.82 hectares, from which 5631 hectares are divided into 20 compartments. However, only 18 compartments were considered for the documentation of medicinal plants as there was no vegetation cover in the remaining two compartments, Dima-1 and Dima-2, as observed during the initial survey. The quadrat method was adopted to study the vegetation sampling of plant species. The minimum quadrat size was determined by the species-area curve method. A total of 140 nested quadrats sampling were laid out: 20m x 20m for trees, 5m x 5m for shrubs and 1m x 1m for herbs. The quadrats were set out with predefined coordinates to record medicinal plant resources of the region using the random quadrat sampling method with a sample intensity of 0.1%.



**Figure 1:** Study area map (Source: WPSI, India)

For simplicity, this study recorded only herbs, shrubs, and trees. Lianas, epiphytes, climbers, vines and twiners were excluded. Plants encountered in the quadrats were identified and recorded. Species with known medicinal properties were shortlisted based on existing ethnobotanical literature and scientific studies (Jain, 1967, 1981, 1986, 1987, 1989; Jain and Mudgal, 1999; Saklani and Sikarwar, 2021) and then tabulated. The identification of plants was supported by local forest dwellers, forest guards and taxonomists. Additionally, various field guidebooks and literature, such as "Forest Resources of North Bengal," "Flora of British India," "Buxa Tiger Reserve Conservation Plan (2015-2024)," and "Flora of Bhutan," were referenced. Online databases like [www.theplantlist.org](http://www.theplantlist.org) and [powo.science.kew.org](http://powo.science.kew.org) were also consulted for updated nomenclatural verification (though not for identification purposes). Voucher specimens of the recorded plants have been deposited in the Department of Forestry, Uttar Banga Krishi Viswavidyalaya (U.B.K.V.) for future reference and verification.

## Results and Discussion

Based on extensive fieldwork, plants having medicinal and therapeutic benefits were identified and documented in this study. Species were recognized as medicinal based on previous literature on traditional knowledge (Table 1). The study documented 84 medicinal plant species from the area. These species belong to 42 different families of wild medicinal plants. Asteraceae was the most represented family, accounting for 9% of the species, followed by Malvaceae (8%), Fabaceae (7%) and Apocynaceae (6%). Some families, such as Acanthaceae,

Caryophyllaceae, and Zingiberaceae, were each represented by a single species, contributing 1% each (Figure 2). Among the 84 medicinal plant species, there were 38 species of trees (45 %), 32 species of herbs (38 %) and 14 species of shrubs (17 %). Notably, no climbers or epiphytes were documented. The habitats of these medicinal plants were classified into three categories: herbs (H) with 32 species, shrubs (S) with 14 species, and trees (T) with 38 species. Various plant parts were used for medicinal purposes, arranged in descending order by the number of species: leaf (41 species), root (32 species), bark (21 species), fruit (11 species), flower (10 species), whole plant (9 species), root bark (9 species), seed (8 species), stem (5 species), rhizomes (2 species), shoot (2 species), dried leaf (2 species), flowering bud (1 species), root stalk (1 species) and wood (1 species) (Figure 3). The conservation status of the documented species was also evaluated. Out of the 84 species, 25 species were classified as "Least Concern," 58 species were "Not Evaluated," and 1 species was "Vulnerable" (Figure 4). Figure 5 illustrates the number of diseases treated by the documented medicinal plants. The data highlights the diversity and significance of these plants in traditional medicine, showing their extensive use in treating a wide range of health conditions. The most common uses included treatment for dysentery (18 species), diarrhoea (18 species), anti-inflammatory purposes (16 species), wounds (13 species), diabetes (8 species), asthma (9 species), bronchitis (9 species), cancer (9 species), cough (9 species), indigestion (7 species), jaundice (7 species), anti-oxidant purposes (8 species), anthelmintic uses (4 species), etc.

**Table 1:** Wild Medicinal Plants of Rajabhatkhawa Range of Buxa Tiger Reserve [Abbreviations used: Habit: H = Herb; S = Shrub; T = Tree. IUCN list: LC= Least Concern; NE= Not Evaluated; VU= Vulnerable]

| Sl. N. | Plant species                         | Family         | Vouc her speci men | Local name                 | Parts used  | IUCN Red list | Habit at | Diseases                                                                                    | References                                                         |
|--------|---------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|----------------------------|-------------|---------------|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1      | <i>Achyranthes aspera</i> L.          | Amarant haceae | 065/ DP            | Apang                      | Whole Plant | LC            | H        | Cough, Bronchitis, Rheumatism, Malarial Fever, Dysentery, Asthma, Hypertension and Diabetes | Srivastav <i>et al.</i> (2011); Ghimire <i>et al.</i> (2015)       |
| 2      | <i>Achyranthes bidentata</i> Blume.   | Amarant haceae | 176/ DP            | Datiwa n                   | Root        | LC            | H        | Strengthen Bone and Muscles                                                                 | Chen, Y. R. <i>et al.</i> (2024); He, X. <i>et al.</i> (2017)      |
| 3      | <i>Acemella uliginosa</i> (Sw.) Cass. | Asterace ae    | 137/ DP            | Laatogh aans               | Flower      | LC            | H        | Antinociceptive, Mouth Ulcer, Tooth Ache, Sore Throat and Stomach-Ache                      | Ong, H. M. <i>et al.</i> (2011); Ahmad, A. <i>et al.</i> (2020)    |
| 4      | <i>Ageratum conyzoides</i> L.         | Asterace ae    | 046/ DP            | Bhedaa Jhar, Gandhe (Seto) | Leaf & Stem | NE            | H        | Common Wound, Antimicrobial, Arthrosis, Headache, and Dyspnoea                              | Okunade, A. L. (2002); Ming, L. C. (1999)                          |
| 5      | <i>Ageratum houstonianum</i> Mill.    | Asterace ae    | 200/ DP            | Gandhe (Nilo)              | Whole Plant | NE            | H        | Cuts and Wounds                                                                             | Tennyson, S. <i>et al.</i> (2012); Pandey, A. <i>et al.</i> (2022) |

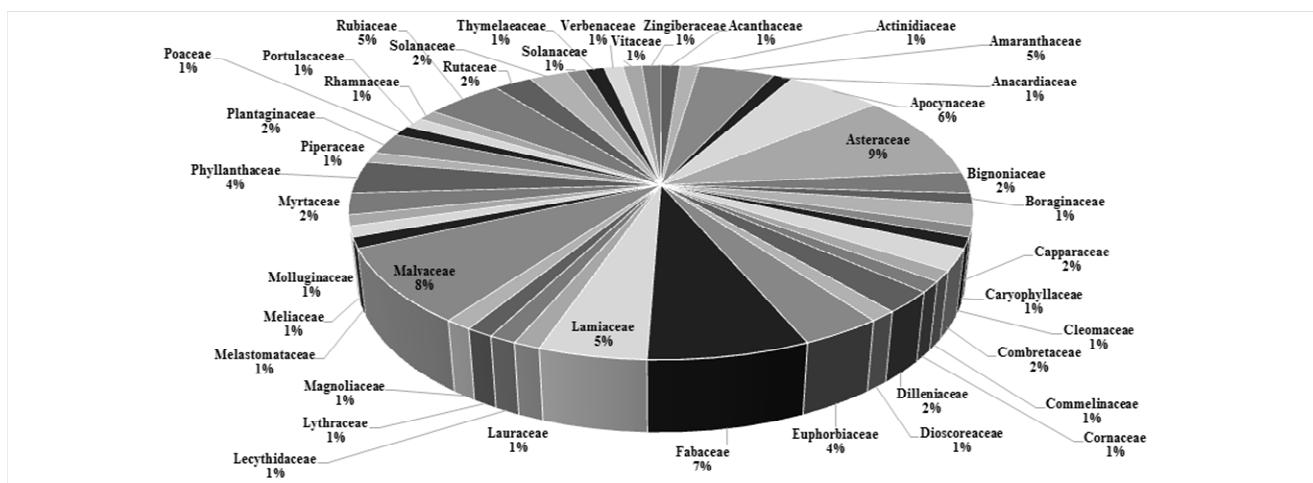
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|----|--------------------------------------------------------|----------------|--------|------------------|-------------------------|----|---|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 6  | <i>Alangium chinense</i> (Lour.) Harms                 | Cornaceae      | 038/DP | Bhalu paile      | Roots, Leaves & Flowers | NE | T | Snake Bites, Circulation, Contraception, Haemostasis, Numbness, Poison, Rheumatism and Wounds  | Hu, X. Y. et al. (2020); Xiao, T., Cheng, X. et al. (2023)                                          |
| 7  | <i>Albizia lebbeck</i> (L.) Benth.                     | Fabaceae       | 092/DP | Siris            | Whole Plant             | LC | T | Scabies, Lung Ailments, Piles, Bronchitis, Abdominal Tumours, Cough and Eye Disorders          | Verma, S. C. et al. (2013); Samant, S. S. et al. (2023)                                             |
| 8  | <i>Alstonia scholaris</i> (L.) R.Br.                   | Apocynaceae    | 015/DP | Chatium          | Bark                    | LC | T | Malaria, Jaundice, Gastrointestinal Troubles and Cancer                                        | Khyade, M. S. et al. (2014); Kaushik, P. et al. (2011)                                              |
| 9  | <i>Alternanthera sessilis</i> (L.) R.Br. ex DC.        | Amaranthaceae  | 011/DP | Bhiring ijhar    | Leaf, Shoot & Bark      | LC | H | Hepatitis, Tight Chest, Bronchitis, Asthma, Antihypertensive and Inflamed Wounds               | Hwong, C. S. et al. (2022); Saqib, F., & Janbaz, K. H. (2016)                                       |
| 10 | <i>Aquilaria sinensis</i> (Lour.) Spreng.              | Thymelaeaceae  | 191/DP | Agar             | Leaves                  | VU | T | Joint Pain, Inflammatory Ailments and Diarrhoea                                                | Wang, Y. et al. (2021); Iskandar, M. I. I. (2023)                                                   |
| 11 | <i>Baccaurea ramiflora</i> Lour.                       | Phyllanthaceae | 084/DP | Kusum            | Bark, Roots & Wood      | NE | T | Rheumatoid Arthritis, Cellulitis, Abscesses, Constipation and Injuries                         | Goyal, A. K. et al. (2022); Nesa, M. L. et al. (2018)                                               |
| 12 | <i>Bauhinia purpurea</i> L.                            | Fabaceae       | 123/DP | Koiralo          | Bark                    | LC | T | Dropsey, Pain, Rheumatism, Convulsions, Delirium and Septicaemia                               | Zakaria, Z. A. et al. (2011); Marimuthu, K., & Dhanalakshmi, R. (2014)                              |
| 13 | <i>Bauhinia variegata</i> L.                           | Fabaceae       | 130/DP | Koiralo          | Roots                   | LC | T | Ulcers, Skin Diseases and Snake Bite                                                           | Parekh, J. et al. (2006); Mali, R. G. et al. (2007); Mali, R. G., & Dhake, A. S. (2009)             |
| 14 | <i>Bischofia javanica</i> Blume                        | Phyllanthaceae | 206/DP | Kaijal           | Bark                    | LC | T | Tuberculosis, Stomach Ulcer, Mouth Ulcer and Athlete's Foot                                    | Lee, S. et al. (2021); Susanto, Y. et al. (2021); Idramsa, I. et al. (2022)                         |
| 15 | <i>Bombax ceiba</i> L.                                 | Malvaceae      | 023/DP | Simal            | Root & Bark             | LC | T | Fever, Diabetics and Stomach ache                                                              | Rameshwar, V. et al. (2014); Chaudhary, P. H., & Khadabadi, S. S. (2012)                            |
| 16 | <i>Bridelia tomentosa</i> Blume                        | Phyllanthaceae | 110/DP | NA               | Bark Leaves & Roots     | NE | S | Pleurisy, Exudation, Cough, Fever and Asthma                                                   | Rahman, M. A. et al. (1997); Upadhyaya, V. et al. (2012); Rai, P. K., & Lalramnghinglova, H. (2011) |
| 17 | <i>Calotropis gigantea</i> (L.) W.T. Aiton             | Apocynaceae    | 193/DP | Aank             | Bark & Root             | LC | S | Diarrhoea, Constipation, Stomach Ulcers, Toothache, Cramps, Joint Pain and Elephantiasis       | Sivapalan, S. et al. (2023); Ranade, A., & Acharya, R. (2014)                                       |
| 18 | <i>Calotropis procera</i> (Aiton) W.T. Aiton           | Apocynaceae    | 006/DP | Aank             | Leaf                    | LC | S | Snake Bite, Sinus Fistula, Rheumatism, Mumps, Burn Injuries, Body Pain and Jaundice            | Tripathi, M. et al. (2022); Mohebi, Z. (2021); Neto, M. C. et al. (2013)                            |
| 19 | <i>Careya arborea</i> Roxb.                            | Lecythidaceae  | 002/DP | Kumbi            | Bark                    | LC | T | Filarial, Colic, Loose Motions, Ulcers, Fever, Smallpox, Urinary Discharges and Rheumatic Pain | Ambardar, N., & Aeri, V. (2013); Rimi, S. et al. (2023); Navya, A. S., & Anitha, S. (2018)          |
| 20 | <i>Chromolaena odorata</i> (L.) R.M. King & H.Rob.     | Asteraceae     | 162/DP | Aule Banama araa | Whole Plant             | NE | S | Treat Wounds, Burns and Skin Infections                                                        | Omokhua, A. G. et al. (2016); Aziz, N. A. et al. (2020)                                             |
| 21 | <i>Cinnamomum tamala</i> (Buch.-Ham.) T. Nees & Eberm. | Lauraceae      | 086/DP | Tejpatta         | Bark & Dried Leaves     | NE | T | Influenza, Coughing, Lack of Semen and Dysentery                                               | Upadhyay, R. K. (2017); Thakur, S., & Chaudhary, G. (2021); Dandapat, S. et al. (2014)              |
| 22 | <i>Cleome viscosa</i> L.                               | Cleomaceae     | 150/DP | Hur Hure         | Leaves, seeds & roots   | NE | H | Rheumatic Arthritis, Hypertension, Malaria, Neurasthenia and Wound Healing                     | Joshi, T. et al. (2015); Khuntia, A. et al. (2022); Matsyagiri, L. et al. (2012)                    |
| 23 | <i>Clerodendrum infortunatum</i>                       | Lamiaceae      | 185/DP | Rajbeli          | Leaf & root             | NE | S | Tumors, Skin Diseases, Snake Bite, Scorpion Sting, Intestinal                                  | Kuluvar, G. et al. (2009); Wang, J. H. et al. (2018);                                               |

|    |                                                |                 |        |                        |                         |    |   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                    |
|----|------------------------------------------------|-----------------|--------|------------------------|-------------------------|----|---|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|    | L.                                             |                 |        |                        |                         |    |   | Infections and Kidney Dysfunctions                                                                                                                                                                                               | Kar, P. et al. (2014)                                                                                              |
| 24 | <i>Commelina benghalensis</i> L.               | Commelinaceae   | 036/DP | Kane                   | Leaves                  | NE | H | Leprosy, Sore Throat, Ophthalmic, Burns, Pain and Inflammation                                                                                                                                                                   | Ghosh, P. et al. (2019); Orni, P. R., (2018); Hossain, F. et al. (2014)                                            |
| 25 | <i>Corchorus capsularis</i> L.                 | Malvaceae       | 102/DP | Jute                   | Leaf & Root             | LC | H | Indigestion, Fever and Dysentery                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Al-Snafi, A. E. (2016); Zakaria, Z. A. et al. (2009)                                                               |
| 26 | <i>Crateva magna</i> (Lour.) DC.               | Capparaceae     | 087/DP | NA                     | Bark, Root & leaves     | NE | T | Inflammation, Rheumatic Fever, Gastric Irritation and Constipation                                                                                                                                                               | Subarna, R. T. (2023); Chidambaram, K., Albert, J., & Karpagam, K. (2011)                                          |
| 27 | <i>Crateva religiosa</i> G. Forst.             | Capparaceae     | 088/DP | Siplikan               | Bark                    | NE | H | Urinary Disorders and Kidney Stone Remover                                                                                                                                                                                       | Mohanapriya, R. et al. (2021); Ahama-Esseh, K. et al. (2017)                                                       |
| 28 | <i>Curcuma aromatic</i> Salisb.                | Zingiberaceae   | 111/DP | Ban Haledo             | Rhizomes                | NE | H | Anti-Inflammatory Agent, Remove Blood Stasis and Treatment Of Cancer                                                                                                                                                             | Sikha, A., & Harini, A. (2015); Anoop, K. (2015)                                                                   |
| 29 | <i>Cynodon dactylon</i> (L.) Pers.             | Poaceae         | 160/DP | Dubo                   | Whole herb & root stalk | LC | H | Anasarca, Cancer, Convulsions, Cough, Cramps, Diarrhoea, Dropsy, Dysentery, Epilepsy, Headache, Haemorrhage, Hypertension, Hysteria, Measles, Rubella, Snakebite, Sores, Stones, Tumours, Urogenital Disorders, Warts and Wounds | Nagori, B. P., & Solanki, R. (2011); Biswas, T. K. et al. (2017); Bhangale, J., & Acharya, S. (2014)               |
| 30 | <i>Deeringia amaranthoides</i> (Lam.) Merr.    | Amaranthaceae   | 107/DP | Kuro                   | Leaf                    | NE | H | Dysentery                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Carag, H., & Buot Jr, I. E. (2017); Bharati, K., & Singh, M. K. (2023); Bose, D. et al. (2015)                     |
| 31 | <i>Dillenia indica</i> L.                      | Dilleniaceae    | 135/DP | Chaltaa                | Barks & Leaves          | LC | T | Indigestion, Asthma, Influenza, Dysentery, Jaundice, Weakness and Rheumatic Pain                                                                                                                                                 | Gandhi, D., & Mehta, P. (2013); Gogoi, B. et al. (2020); Das, M. et al. (2023)                                     |
| 32 | <i>Dillenia pentagyna</i> Roxb.                | Dilleniaceae    | 187/DP | Tartare                | Leaves, Bark & Fruits   | LC | T | Cancer, Wound Healing, Diabetes and Diarrhoea                                                                                                                                                                                    | Saiful Yazan, L., & Armania, N. (2014); Prasad, S. B. et al. (2009)                                                |
| 33 | <i>Dioscorea villosa</i> L.                    | Dioscoreaceae   | 143/DP | Ban tarul              | Roots & rhizomes        | NE | H | Menopause, Joint Pain and Rheumatoid Arthritis                                                                                                                                                                                   | Obidiegwu, J. E. et al. (2020); Rahman, S., & Husen, A. (2022)                                                     |
| 34 | <i>Drymaria cordata</i> (L.) Willd. ex Schult. | Caryophyllaceae | 013/DP | Abhijalo               | Whole Plant             | NE | H | Cold, Headache, Bronchitis, Leprosy and Tumours                                                                                                                                                                                  | Thakur, R. et al. (2022); Patra, S. et al. (2020); Arya, A. et al. (2022)                                          |
| 35 | <i>Euphorbia hirta</i> L.                      | Euphorbiaceae   | 161/DP | Aankle jhar/Du dhejhar | Whole Plant             | NE | H | Warts, gonorrhoea, diarrhoea, dysentery, respiratory infections, fungal infections, ocular issues, bronchial conditions and lactation enhancement.                                                                               | Kumar et al. (2010); Patil et al. (2009)                                                                           |
| 36 | <i>Erythrina stricta</i> Roxb.                 | Fabaceae        | 164/DP | Mandar                 | Leaves                  | NE | T | Antiasthmatic, Antiepileptic, Antiseptic, Astringent, Anti-Inflammatory and Analgesic                                                                                                                                            | Murthy et al. (2024); Akter et al. (2016); Ashokkumar et al. (2008); Parveen and Narayanan, (2015)                 |
| 37 | <i>Ecliptaprostrata</i> (L.) L.                | Asteraceae      | 103/DP | Bhringraj              | Whole Plant             | NE | H | Fever, jaundice, antiseptic properties, ulcers, leprosy, eye issues and relief for urinary scalding.                                                                                                                             | Feng et al. (2019); Chung et al. (2017)                                                                            |
| 38 | <i>Flemingia bracteata</i> (Roxb.) Wight       | Fabaceae        | 155/DP | Bhatma se              | Leaf & Root             | NE | S | Epilepsy, Hysteria and Fever                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Kumar, A., & Kumar, A. (2013); Madan, S. et al. (2013); Gavade, S. K. et al. (2020)                                |
| 39 | <i>Galinsoga parviflora</i> Cav.               | Asteraceae      | 124/DP | Chitlan gejhar         | Leaf                    | NE | H | Eczema, Lichen and Wounds                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Ripanda, A. et al. (2023); Ali, S. et al. (2017); Bharathi, D. R. et al. (2021); Yadav, A. K., & Tangpu, V. (2008) |

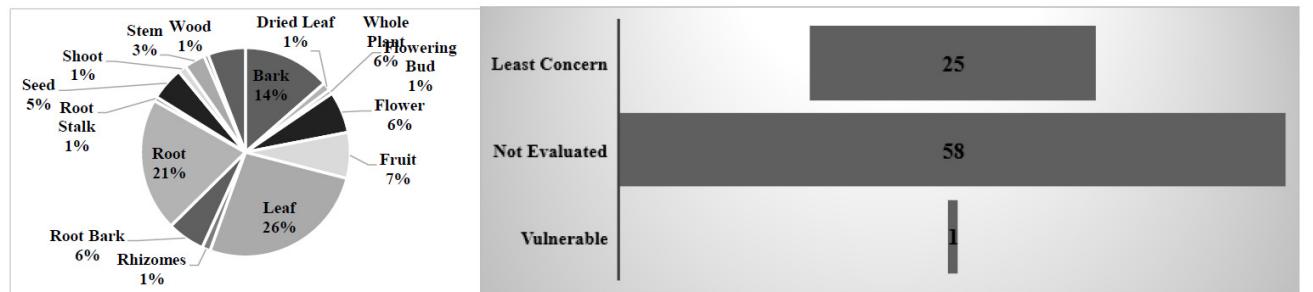
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| 40 | <i>Gamochaeta purpurea</i> (L.) Cabrera                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Asteraceae      | 019/DP | NA                        | Leaves                        | NE | H | Antioxidant, Antibacterial Antifungal, Anti-Complement, Antitussive. Expectorant, Insect Antifeedant, Cytotoxic, Anti-Inflammatory, Antidiabetic and Antihypouricemic | Cruz <i>et al.</i> (2007)                                                                                                                       |
| 41 | <i>Gmelina arborea</i> <td>Lamiaceae</td> <td>118/DP</td> <td>Gamhar</td> <td>Root</td> <td>NE</td> <td>T</td> <td>Indigestion, Giddiness, Burning Sensation, Fever, Thirst, Emaciation, Heart Diseases, Nervous Disorders and Piles</td> <td>Warrier, R. R. <i>et al.</i> (2021); Shankar, R. <i>et al.</i> (2017); Panda, S. K. <i>et al.</i> (2018)</td> | Lamiaceae       | 118/DP | Gamhar                    | Root                          | NE | T | Indigestion, Giddiness, Burning Sensation, Fever, Thirst, Emaciation, Heart Diseases, Nervous Disorders and Piles                                                     | Warrier, R. R. <i>et al.</i> (2021); Shankar, R. <i>et al.</i> (2017); Panda, S. K. <i>et al.</i> (2018)                                        |
| 42 | <i>Glinus oppositifolius</i> (L.) Aug.DC.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Molluginaceae   | 029/DP | NA                        | Leaf                          | NE | H | Blood purifier, improve strength, diabetes                                                                                                                            | Sheu <i>et al.</i> (2014)                                                                                                                       |
| 43 | <i>Heliotropium indicum</i> L.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Boraginaceae    | 005/DP | Haathis undeJhaar         | Whole Plant                   | NE | H | Antibacterial, Antitumor, Uterine Stimulant Effect, Antifertility, Wound Healing, Anti-Inflammatory, Antinociceptive and Diuretic Activities                          | Dash, G. K., & Abdullah, M. S. (2013); Sarkar, C. <i>et al.</i> (2021); Roy, A. (2015)                                                          |
| 44 | <i>Hibiscus rosa-sinensis</i> L.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Malvaceae       | 096/DP | Japa Kusum                | Flowers, Leaves & Roots       | NE | S | Wounds, Inflammation, Fever, Coughs, Diabetes, Hair Loss and Gastric Ulcers                                                                                           | Khristi, V., & Patel, V. H. (2016); Shelke, M. <i>et al.</i> (2021); Sanadheera, S. <i>et al.</i> (2021).                                       |
| 45 | <i>Holarrhena pubescens</i> Wall. ex G.Don                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Apocynaceae     | 014/DP | Ban Khirro                | Seeds                         | NE | T | Anaemia, Jaundice, Dysentery, Stomach Pains, Diarrhoea, Epilepsy and Cholera                                                                                          | Khan, S. <i>et al.</i> (2021); Rani, A., & Bansal, R. (2023); Sripahco, T. <i>et al.</i> (2021)                                                 |
| 46 | <i>Justicia adhatoda</i> L.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Acanthaceae     | 054/DP | Asuro, Kalo Bhasaka       | Leaves, Roots, Flowers & Bark | NE | S | Bronchitis, Tuberculosis and Other Lung and Bronchiale Disorders                                                                                                      | Jothimangalam, M. S., & Deepa, M. (2022); Ameer, M. R. <i>et al.</i> (2023); Singh, K. J., & Huidrom, D. (2013); Sharma, A., & Kumar, A. (2016) |
| 47 | <i>Lagerstroemia speciosa</i> (L.) Pers.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Lythraceae      | 132/DP | Jarul                     | Bark                          | NE | T | Diarrhoea and Diabetes                                                                                                                                                | Al-Snafi, A. E. (2019); Sharmin, T. <i>et al.</i> (2018); Nasrin, F., & Ahmad, S. (2012)                                                        |
| 48 | <i>Lannea coromandelica</i> (Houtt.) Merr.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Anacardiaceae   | 168/DP | Jhingat/ Hallong re       | Leaves                        | NE | T | Hepatitis, Diabetes, Ulcers, Heart Disease and Dysentery                                                                                                              | Amelia, P. <i>et al.</i> (2021); Malú, Q. <i>et al.</i> (2024); Ha, H. A. <i>et al.</i> (2024)                                                  |
| 49 | <i>Lantana camara</i> L.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Verbenaceae     | 094/DP | Ban Phanda, Sutkeri Kanda | Leaves                        | LC | S | Cancers, Chicken Pox, Measles, Asthma, Ulcers, Swellings, Eczema, Tumours, High Blood Pressure, Bilious Fevers, Catarrhal Infections, Tetanus, Rheumatism and Malaria | Kalita, S. <i>et al.</i> (2012); Nawaz, A., <i>et al.</i> (2016); Lonare, M. K. <i>et al.</i> (2012)                                            |
| 50 | <i>Leea macrophylla</i> Roxb. ex Hornem.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Vitaceae        | 022/DP | Galen                     | Root                          | NE | S | Anticancer, Cytotoxic, Antimicrobial, Antidiabetic, Hepatoprotective, Cardiovascular, and CNS Activity                                                                | Sarvade, D. D. (2019); Malik, M., & Upadhyay, G. (2020); Hossain, F. <i>et al.</i> (2021)                                                       |
| 51 | <i>Magnolia champaca</i> (L.) Baill. ex Pierre                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Magnoliaceae    | 116/DP | Chaap                     | Flowers & Stem Bark           | NE | T | Anti-Microbial, Anti-Pyretic, Anti-Inflammatory, Anti-Oxidant, Insecticidal, Anti-Uretic, Anti-Dyamic, Carminative and Anti-Diabetic                                  | Hasan, M. M. <i>et al.</i> (2020); Maghfiroh, K. <i>et al.</i> (2021); Hasan, M. M., <i>et al.</i> (2024)                                       |
| 52 | <i>Mallotus philippensis</i> (Lam.) Muill.Arg.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Euphorbiaceae   | 021/DP | Kamlaa                    | Roots                         | NE | T | Anthelmintic, Antibacterial, Anti-Inflammatory, Anti-Oxidant, Anti-Cancerous                                                                                          | Kumar <i>et al.</i> (2020); Bodas <i>et al.</i> (2022); Ali <i>et al.</i> (2024)                                                                |
| 53 | <i>Melastoma malabathricum</i> L.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Melastomataceae | 078/DP | Angere                    | Whole Plants                  | NE | S | Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Haemorrhoids, Cuts and Wounds, Toothache and Stomach-ache                                                                                       | Joffry, S. M. <i>et al.</i> (2012); Mazura, M. P. <i>et al.</i> (2007); Zheng, W. J. <i>et al.</i> (2021).                                      |

|    |                                                                  |                |        |                        |                                             |    |   |                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                            |
|----|------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|--------|------------------------|---------------------------------------------|----|---|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 54 | <i>Meyna spinosa Roxb. ex Link</i>                               | Rubiaceae      | 026/DP | Dumphar                | Leaves & Stems                              | NE | T | Cold, Dysentery, Indigestion, Skin Infection and Intestinal Worm                                                                             | Singh, A. D. et al. (2022); Singh, N. K. et al. (2015); Singh, B., & Borthakur, S. K. (2011)               |
| 55 | <i>Mimosa pudica L.</i>                                          | Fabaceae       | 027/DP | Lajjaawatee            | Leaves                                      | NE | H | Urogenital Disorders, Piles, Dysentery, Sinus and Wounds                                                                                     | Adurosakin. et al. (2023); Ahmad, H. et al. (2012); Joseph, B. et al. (2013); Kokane, D. D. et al. (2009). |
| 56 | <i>Morinda angustifolia Roxb.</i>                                | Rubiaceae      | 030/DP | Hardikath              | Root                                        | NE | S | Asthma, Common Cold, Vomiting, Dysentery, Wound and Urinal Problems                                                                          | Hasan, M. M. et al. (2022); Das, S. C., & Rahman, M. A. (2011); Singh, B. et al. (2022)                    |
| 57 | <i>Morinda citrifolia L.</i>                                     | Rubiaceae      | 008/DP | Noni                   | Whole Fruit, Juice, Seed, Leaf, Bark & Root | LC | T | Antibacterial, Antiviral, Antifungal, Antitumor, Analgesic, Hypotensive and Anti-Inflammatory                                                | Abou Assi et al. (2017); Ahmad et al. (2016); Almeida et al. (2019); Torres et al. (2017)                  |
| 58 | <i>Murraya koenigii (L.) Spreng.</i>                             | Rutaceae       | 125/DP | Curry Patta            | Leaves                                      | NE | S | Piles, Inflammation, Itching, Fresh Cuts, Dysentery, Bruises, and Enema                                                                      | Gahlawat et al. (2014); Tripathi et al. (2018); El-Shiekh et al. (2024)                                    |
| 59 | <i>Oroxylum indicum (L.) Kurz</i>                                | Bignoniaceae   | 106/DP | Totela                 | Root, Bark, Root Bark & Seeds               | LC | T | Jaundice, Arthritic and Rheumatic Problems, Gastric Ulcers, Tumours, Respiratory Diseases, Diabetes, Diarrhoea and Dysentery                 | Mangal et al. (2017); Kumar et al. (2021); Rai et al. (2022); Sultana et al. (2022)                        |
| 60 | <i>Paederia foetida L.</i>                                       | Rubiaceae      | 047/DP | Pate biree, Paadeir ee | Leaves & root                               | NE | H | Inflammation, Piles and Diarrhoea                                                                                                            | Ojha et al. (2018); Karmakar et al. (2020); Dutta et al. (2023); Soni et al. (2013)                        |
| 61 | <i>Piper nigrum L.</i>                                           | Piperaceae     | 182/DP | Pipla                  | Fruit & seeds                               | NE | H | Anti-Inflammatory, Analgesic, Anticonvulsant and Neuroprotective                                                                             | Takooree et al. (2019); Ashokkumar et al. (2021); Saleem et al. (2022)                                     |
| 62 | <i>Plantago asiatica L.</i>                                      | Plantaginaceae | 053/DP | Isabago l              | Seeds                                       | NE | H | Liver Disease, Stomach Problems, and Urinary Inflammation                                                                                    | Huan et al. (2023); Wen et al. (2022); Yin et al. (2010); Ye et al. (2011)                                 |
| 63 | <i>Portulaca oleracea L.</i>                                     | Portulacaceae  | 063/DP | Kulfa saag             | Dried Leaves & Stem                         | NE | H | Febrifuge, Antiseptic, Vermifuge, Antibacterial, Antiulcer genic, Anti-Inflammatory, Antioxidant and Wound                                   | Zhou et al. (2015); Iranshahy et al. (2017); Aini et al. (2022); Kumar et al. (2022)                       |
| 64 | <i>Premna serratifolia L.</i>                                    | Lamiaceae      | 037/DP | Dhaule                 | Root                                        | NE | T | Cancer, Parkinson Disease, Rheumatoid Arthritis, Skin Melanogenesis, Leishmaniosis, Hepatoprotection, Diabetes, Atherosclerosis, and Obesity | Simamora et al. (2020); Singh et al. (2021); George et al. (2022); Octavianus et al. (2022)                |
| 65 | <i>Pseudognaphalium luteoalbum (L.) Hilliard &amp; B.L.Burtt</i> | Asteraceae     | 097/DP | Kairo Jaar             | Leaves                                      | NE | H | Antibacterial, Antifungal, Antioxidant Anti- Inflammatory and Cytotoxic Effects                                                              | Smissen et al. (2023); Aderogba et al. (2014)                                                              |
| 66 | <i>Pterospermum acerifolium (L.) Willd.</i>                      | Malvaceae      | 156/DP | Champa                 | Flowers                                     | NE | T | Inflammation, Ulcers, Blood Problems, and Tumours                                                                                            | Vijay et al. (2023); Datta et al. (2020); Jena et al. (2023); Deshwal and Sharma, (2021)                   |
| 67 | <i>Saurauia roxburghii Wall.</i>                                 | Actinidiaceae  | 042/DP | Gogun                  | Leaf                                        | NE | T | Indigestion, Boils, Fever, Gout, Piles, Eczema, Asthma, Ulcers, Bronchitis, Epilepsy, and Hepatitis B                                        | Nhrin et al. (2020); Ahmed et al. (2013)                                                                   |
| 68 | <i>Scoparia dulcis L.</i>                                        | Plantaginaceae | 120/DP | Paatal mishree         | Leaf                                        | NE | H | Diarrhoea, Stomach-Ache, Kidney Stones, Kidney Problems and Fever                                                                            | Jiang et al. (2021); Lin et al. (2023); Chen et al. (2024)                                                 |
| 69 | <i>Sida rhombifolia L.</i>                                       | Malvaceae      | 093/DP | Bariyar                | Fruit, Leaves & Root                        | LC | H | Swelling, Headache and Rheumatism                                                                                                            | Gopinath et al. (2016); Xu et al. (2022); Ahirrao, (2024)                                                  |

|    |                                                                 |               |        |                                |                                  |    |   |                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                               |
|----|-----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|--------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----|---|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 70 | <i>Solanum aculeatissimum</i> Jacq.                             | Solanaceae    | 198/DP | Kunti Karra                    | Leaves, Fruit & Root             | NE | H | Bacterial Infections, Cough, Indigestion, Antiproliferative, Antiseizure, Antioxidant, Antiviral, Anti-inflammatory and Hepatoprotective    | Silva <i>et al.</i> (2024); Dantas <i>et al.</i> (2020); Silva <i>et al.</i> (2015)           |
| 71 | <i>Solanum viarum</i> Dunal                                     | Solanaceae    | 115/DP | Kaalobiheen                    | Root, Stem, Fruit Seeds & Flower | NE | H | Antioxidant, Antipyretic, Antimicrobial, Antifungal, Analgesic, and Anaemia                                                                 | Thakur <i>et al.</i> (2024); Saha, (2024); Confortinet <i>et al.</i> (2024)                   |
| 72 | <i>Sterculia villosa</i> Roxb. ex Sm.                           | Malvaceae     | 173/DP | Udal                           | Root                             | NE | T | Inflammation, Throat Infection, and Food Adjunct                                                                                            | Singh <i>et al.</i> (2024); Hossain <i>et al.</i> (2016); Talukder <i>et al.</i> (2016)       |
| 73 | <i>Stereospermum colais</i> (Buch.-Ham. ex Dillwyn) Mabb.       | Bignoniaceae  | 073/DP | Kuber bacha, jinghal, parhorai | Leaves & Flower Buds             | NE | T | Indigestion, Hiccups, Vomiting, Diarrhoea, Pain, Fever, Diabetes, Liver Disorders, Asthma and Wounds                                        | Prema <i>et al.</i> (2013); Latha <i>et al.</i> (2020)                                        |
| 74 | <i>Syzygium cumini</i> (L.) Skeels                              | Myrtaceae     | 152/DP | Jamun                          | Bark                             | LC | T | Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, Biliousness, Dysentery and Ulcers                                                                          | Khan <i>et al.</i> (2024); Gajera <i>et al.</i> (2024)                                        |
| 75 | <i>Syzygium nervosum</i> A.Cunn. ex DC.                         | Myrtaceae     | 117/DP | Kalo Jamun                     | Leaf, Fruit & Root               | NE | T | Fomentation, Rheumatism and Embrocation                                                                                                     | Nguyen, (2023); Utama <i>et al.</i> (2022); Pham <i>et al.</i> (2023)                         |
| 76 | <i>Tabernaemontana divaricata</i> (L.) R.Br. ex Roem. & Schult. | Apocynaceae   | 101/DP | Firfireful                     | Roots, Leaves & Flowers          | NE | S | Gonorrhoea, Leprosy, Syphilis, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Worms and Malaria                                                                      | Bhat <i>et al.</i> (2024); Akanda <i>et al.</i> (2024); Devi, (2024);                         |
| 77 | <i>Tectona grandis</i> L.f.                                     | Lamiaceae     | 040/DP | Sagaun                         | Leaves                           | LC | T | Inflammation, Liver Disorders, Biliousness, Diabetes, Bronchitis, Leprosy and Dysentery                                                     | Irinmwinuwa <i>et al.</i> (2023); Muhammed <i>et al.</i> (2021); Asdaqet <i>et al.</i> (2022) |
| 78 | <i>Terminalia bellirica</i> (Gaertn.) Roxb.                     | Combretaceae  | 129/DP | Barro                          | Fruit                            | LC | T | Hepatitis, Bronchitis, Asthma, Dyspepsia, Piles, Diarrhoea, Coughs and Eye Diseases                                                         | Gupta <i>et al.</i> (2020); Kumar and Khurana, (2018)                                         |
| 79 | <i>Terminalia chebula</i> Retz.                                 | Combretaceae  | 090/DP | Harra                          | Fruit                            | LC | T | Appetite, Digestive Aid, Liver Stimulant, Stomachic, Gastrointestinal Prokinetic Agent, and Mild Laxative                                   | Bulbul <i>et al.</i> (2022); Sultan <i>et al.</i> (2023); Kim <i>et al.</i> (2022)            |
| 80 | <i>Toona ciliata</i> M.Roem.                                    | Meliaceae     | 199/DP | Tunee                          | Bark                             | NE | T | Chronic Dysentery, Leprosy, Cures Fever, Headache, Blood Complaints, Cardio tonic, Aphrodisiac and Ulcer                                    | Kumar <i>et al.</i> (2012); Singh <i>et al.</i> (2023); Kavitha and Satish, (2013)            |
| 81 | <i>Trevia nudiflora</i> L.                                      | Euphorbiaceae | 180/DP | Bhellar/ Trewia                | Leaf & Shoot                     | NE | T | Flatulence, Gout, Rheumatism, Leukaemia Hepatoma- Biliary Affections, Excessive Bile, Sputum and Wounds                                     | Khatun <i>et al.</i> (2023); Sultana <i>et al.</i> (2022); Ripa <i>et al.</i> (2022)          |
| 82 | <i>Urena lobata</i> L.                                          | Malvaceae     | 051/DP | Naalukuro                      | Roots                            | NE | H | Fractures, Wounds, Mastitis, Snake Bite, Colds, Dysentery, Enteritis, Goitre, Indigestion, Leucorrhoea, Malaria, Rheumatism and Tonsillitis | Islam <i>et al.</i> (2015); Purnomo and Tilaqza, (2022); Purnomo <i>et al.</i> (2023)         |
| 83 | <i>Zanthoxylum armatum</i> DC.                                  | Rutaceae      | 151/DP | Timar                          | Fruits                           | NE | T | Stomachic, Carminative, Anthelmintic, Dental Problems and Scabies                                                                           | Irshad <i>et al.</i> (2021); Agnihotri <i>et al.</i> (2023)                                   |
| 84 | <i>Ziziphus mauritiana</i> Lam.                                 | Rhamnaceae    | 018/DP | Bayar                          | Fruit                            | NE | T | Fever, Indigestion, Liver Disease, Diarrhoea, Wound Healing and Jaundice                                                                    | Prakash <i>et al.</i> (2021); Butt <i>et al.</i> (2021)                                       |



**Figure 2.** Family wise distribution



**Figure 3:** Distribution of parts used.



**Figure 5:** Number of Diseases Treated

Studies by Sarkar and Das (2012 & 2015) highlight the vital role of Non-Timber Forest Products (NTFPs) in the rural economy and subsistence of communities in Jayanti, Buxa Tiger Reserve. NTFPs contribute to nearly 50% of forestry revenue in India. In Jayanti, 112 plant species were used, with 60 species for commercial purposes, 27 for subsistence, and 35 regularly harvested for income. Additionally, 58 species are used daily for food and medicine. Another study in Jayanti forest documents 413 species of flora, including 396 angiosperms, 16 pteridophytes and one

gymnosperm, reflecting the area's rich biodiversity and underscoring the importance of sustainable harvesting practices Sarkar & Das (2017).

Previous studies recorded 25 out of 46 threatened species from three MPCAs in North Bengal Das *et al.* (2010). Earlier research identified 41 rare, endemic, and threatened species in the Terai-Duars region, with major threats being exploitation and habitat loss Biswas *et al.* (2017, 2020). Pramanik and Das (2015) also conducted a similar survey in NRVK-9 and

NRVK-10 of Medicinal Plant Conservation Areas (MPCA) of BTR. Conservation within MPCA's is effective not only for medicinal plants but also for other species needing protection. Additionally, the findings of Konar et al. (2022), which documented 105 medicinal plant species across 60 families in West Bengal, emphasizing traditional knowledge and the use of plants for ailments like stomach diseases, diabetes, and skin conditions. The recurring presence of families like Asteraceae and Fabaceae highlights their importance in traditional medicine.

### Conclusion

The comprehensive study in the West Rajabhatkhawa Range of Buxa Tiger Reserve highlighted the region's rich medicinal plant diversity, documenting 84 species across 42 families. Notably, Asteraceae, Malvaceae, Fabaceae and Apocynaceae were the most represented families. The plants documented are used extensively in traditional medicine, addressing a wide range of health conditions such as dysentery, diabetes, cancer etc. This research underlines the significance of preserving traditional knowledge and the potential for discovering new pharmacological agents from these medicinal plants.

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